WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Weld County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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1221 W. Mineral Avenue, Suite 202 Littleton, CO 80120

303-734-4800
303-795-3356
www.HaynieCPAs.com

Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the Board of Directors Westview Metropolitan District

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Westview Metropolitan District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major funds of Westview Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Westview Metropolitan District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Westview Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.







In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Westview Metropolitan District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Westview Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Westview Metropolitan District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The other information section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Haynie & Company

Littleton, Colorado June 28, 2023

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governme Activities	
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$	23,912
Cash and Investments - Restricted		253,715
Receivable - County Treasurer		1,728
Property Taxes Receivable		201,951
Prepaid Expenses		2,571
Total Assets		483,877
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		26,191
Due to Town of Frederick		399
Accrued Interest Payable		103,331
Noncurrent Liabilities:		
Due Within One Year		20,000
Due in More Than One Year		7,490,255
Total Liabilities		7,640,176
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property Tax Revenues		201,951
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		201,951
NET POSITION		
Restricted for:		
Emergency Reserves		1,600
Debt Service		143,063
Unrestricted		(7,502,913)
Total Net Position	\$	(7,358,250)

WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	E	xpenses	Charges for Services		Program F Oper Grant Contrib	ating s and	Grant	pital ts and putions	(Exp Cl <u>Ne</u> Gov	Revenues enses) and hange in t Position vernmental activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government Interest and Related Costs on Long-Term Debt	\$	54,026 465,904	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(54,026) (465,904)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	519,930	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-		(519,930)
	GENERAL REVENUES Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Net Investment Income Total General Revenues							191,103 11,300 4,404 206,807		
	СНА	NGE IN NET	POSITION							(313,123)
	Net F	Position - Beg	inning of Year							(7,045,127)
	NET	POSITION -	END OF YEAR						\$	(7,358,250)

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	General		 Debt Service	Total Governmental Fund		
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Receivable - County Treasurer Property Taxes Receivable Prepaid Expense	\$	23,912 1,600 449 52,507 2,571	\$ - 252,115 1,279 149,444 -	\$	23,912 253,715 1,728 201,951 2,571	
Total Assets	\$	81,039	\$ 402,838	\$	483,877	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable Due to Town of Frederick	\$	19,191 399	\$ 7,000	\$	26,191 399	
Total Liabilities		19,590	7,000		26,590	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred Property Taxes		52,507	 149,444		201,951	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		52,507	149,444		201,951	
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid Expense		2,571	-		2,571	
Restricted for:						
Emergency Reserves		1,600	-		1,600	
Debt Service		-	246,394		246,394	
Assigned: For Subsequent Year's Expenditures		4,771	_		4,771	
Total Fund Balances		8,942	 246,394		255,336	
		0,012	 210,001		200,000	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,						
and Fund Balances	\$	81,039	\$ 402,838			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:						
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Bonds Payable Accrued Interest on Bonds Payable Developer Advance Payable Accrued Interest on Developer Advance					(2,273,000) (103,331) (4,084,457) (1,152,798)	
Net Position of Governmental Activities				\$	(7,358,250)	

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	 General		Debt Service		Total ernmental Fund	
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$ 49,688	\$	141,415	\$	191,103	
Specific Ownership Taxes	2,938		8,362		11,300	
Net Investment Income	27		4,377		4,404	
Total Revenues	 52,653		154,154		206,807	
EXPENDITURES						
General:						
Accounting	17,292		-		17,292	
Audit	5,400		-		5,400	
County Treasurer's Fees	745		2,120		2,865	
Dues and Licenses	317		-		317	
Insurance and Dues	2,518		-		2,518	
Legal	9,083		-		9,083	
Miscellaneous	4,428		-		4,428	
Election	2,264		-		2,264	
Contribution Payment to Frederick	11,979		-		11,979	
Debt Service:						
Bond Interest	-		100,706		100,706	
Bond Principal	-		5,000		5,000	
Paying Agent Fees	-		7,000	7,000		
Total Expenditures	54,026		114,826		168,852	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(1,373)		39,328		37,955	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 10,315		207,066		217,381	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 8,942	\$	246,394	\$	255,336	

WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 37,955
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., Loans, Developer advances) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds record the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued as expenditures, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Bond Principal Payment	5,000
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Accrued Interest on Developer Advance Accrued Interest on Bonds - Change in Liability	 (326,756) (29,322)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (313,123)

WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	a	Original and Final Budget		Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	<u>,</u>	10.010	•	10.000	•	4-
Property Taxes	\$	49,643	\$	49,688	\$	45
Specific Ownership Taxes		2,482		2,938		456
Net Investment Income		30		27		(3)
Total Revenues		52,155		52,653		498
EXPENDITURES						
Accounting		21,000		17,292		3,708
Auditing		5,000		5,400		(400)
County Treasurer's Fees		745		745		-
Dues and Licenses		500		317		183
Insurance and Bonds		3,150		2,518		632
Legal Services		20,000		9,083		10,917
Miscellaneous		1,000		4,428		(3,428)
Election Expense		2,000		2,264		(264)
Contribution Payment to Frederick		11,857		11,979		(122)
Contingency		2,748		-		2,748
Total Expenditures		68,000		54,026		13,974
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(15,845)		(1,373)		14,472
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Developer Advance		17,000		_		(17,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		17,000		-		(17,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1,155		(1,373)		(2,528)
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		1,152		10,315		9,163
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	2,307	\$	8,942	\$	6,635

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Westview Metropolitan District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court in and for Weld County, Colorado on March 24, 2015, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The Service Plan of the District was approved by the City Council of the City of Frederick, Colorado on December 9, 2014.

At a special election of the eligible electors of the District on May 3, 2016, a majority of those qualified to vote voted in favor of certain ballot questions authorizing the issuance of indebtedness and imposition of taxes for the payment thereof, for the purpose of providing financing for the acquisition, construction, installation, and completion of certain streets, parks and recreation, water, sanitation, transportation, mosquito control, safety protection, fire protection, and television relay and translation improvements.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and, generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Equity</u>

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 23,912
Cash and Investments - Restricted	 253,715
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 277,627

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 25,512
Investments	 252,115
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 277,627

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance and carrying balance of \$25,512.

Investments

The District has adopted an investment policy by which it follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities of the World Bank
- . Certain international agency securities
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Surplus Asset Fund	Weighted-Average	
Trust (CSAFE)	Under 60 Days	\$ 252,115

<u>CSAFE</u>

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers two portfolios – CSAFE CASH FUND and CSAFE CORE.

CSAFE CASH FUND operations similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper, any security allowed under Section 24-75-601.1, C.R.S.

CSAFE CORE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$2.00 transactional share price. CSAFE CORE may invest in securities authorized by Section 24-75-601.1, C.R.S., including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, and highest rated commercial paper.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE CASH FUND is rated AAAmmf and CSAFE CORE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE using the amortized cost method. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Balance - cember 31, 2021	Δ	dditions	Red	ductions	Balance - cember 31, 2022	e Within ne Year
Bonds Payable:							
Series 2019A	\$ 1,965,000	\$	-	\$	5,000	\$ 1,960,000	\$ 20,000
Series 2019B	313,000		-		-	313,000	-
Total Bonds Payable	 2,278,000		-		5,000	2,273,000	 20,000
Other Debts:							
Developer Advances:							
Operational	179,532		-		-	179,532	-
Capital	3,904,925		-		-	3,904,925	-
Accrued Interest on							
Developer Advances:							
Operational	34,359		14,362		-	48,721	-
Capital	791,683		312,394		-	1,104,077	-
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 7,188,499	\$	326,756	\$	5,000	\$ 7,510,255	\$ 20,000

The details of the District's general obligation bonds outstanding during 2020 are as follows:

Bond Proceeds

The District issued the Senior Bonds and the Subordinate Bonds on June 19, 2019, in the respective par amounts of \$1,965,000 and \$313,000. Proceeds from the sale of the Senior Bonds were used to: (a) pay or reimburse the Project Costs; (b) fund the Senior Reserve Fund; (c) fund capitalized interest on the Senior Bonds; and (d) pay costs of issuance of the Bonds. Proceeds from the sale of the Subordinate Bonds were used to: (a) pay or reimburse Project Costs; and (b) pay other costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the Subordinate Bonds.

Senior Bonds Details

The Senior Bonds bear interest at the rate of 5.125% per annum and are payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, beginning on December 1, 2019. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2022. The Senior Bonds mature on December 1, 2049. To the extent principal of the Bonds is not paid when due, such principal shall remain outstanding until paid. To the extent interest on the Senior Bonds is not paid when due, such unpaid interest shall compound on each interest payment date, at the rate then borne by the Senior Bonds. The Senior Bonds are not subject to early termination. The Senior Bonds are not subject to acceleration. The Senior Bonds do not have any unused lines of credit. No assets have been pledged as collateral on the Senior Bonds.

Events of Default of the Senior Bonds

Events of default occur if the District fails to impose the Required Mill Levy, or to apply the Pledged Revenues as required by the Senior Indenture and does not comply with other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financing as described in the Senior Indenture.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Senior Bonds Optional Redemption

The Senior Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on June 1, 2024, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

Date of Redemption	<u>Redemption</u> <u>Premium</u>
June 1, 2024, to May 31, 2025	3.00%
June 1, 2025, to May 31, 2026	2.00
June 1, 2026, to May 31, 2027	1.00
June 1, 2027, and thereafter	0.00

The Senior Bonds are secured by and payable solely from and to the extent of Senior Pledged Revenue, net of any costs of collection, which includes: (a) the Senior Required Mill Levy; (b) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Senior Required Mill Levy; and (c) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Senior Pledged Revenue.

The District has covenanted to impose a Senior Required Mill Levy on all taxable property of the District each year in an amount sufficient to pay the Senior Bonds when due, and if necessary, an amount sufficient to replenish the Senior Reserve Fund to the amount of the Senior Required Reserve, but (i) not in excess of 37 mills (subject to adjustment for changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation occurring after January 1, 2014), and (ii) for so long as the Senior Surplus Fund is less than the Maximum Surplus Amount, not less than 37 mills (subject to adjustment), or such lesser mill levy which will pay the Senior Bonds when due, will replenish the Senior Reserve Fund to the amount of the Senior Reserve, and will fund the Senior Surplus Fund up to the Maximum Surplus Amount.

Additional Security for Senior Bonds

The Senior Reserve Fund was funded from Senior Bond proceeds in the amount of the Senior Required Reserve of \$153,188. Subject to the receipt of sufficient pledged revenue, the Senior Reserve Fund is to be maintained for so long as any Senior Bond is outstanding. If at any time the Senior Reserve Fund is drawn upon or valued so that the amount therein is less than the Senior Required Reserve, the Trustee is to apply Senior Pledged Revenue to the credit of the Senior Reserve Fund in amounts sufficient to bring the amount credited to the Senior Reserve Fund to the Senior Reserve. The balance in the Senior Reserve Fund as of December 31, 2022, is \$155,306.

Senior Pledged Revenue that is not needed to pay debt service on the Senior Bonds in any year will be deposited to and held in the Senior Surplus Fund up to the Maximum Surplus Amount of \$196,500. The Senior Surplus Fund is to be maintained for so long as any Senior Bond is outstanding. Under the Subordinate Indenture, amounts released from the Senior Surplus Fund after the termination of such fund in accordance with the Senior Indenture are pledged to the payment of the Subordinate Bonds. The balance in the Senior Surplus Fund as of December 31, 2022, is \$-0-.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Subordinate Bonds Details

The Subordinate Bonds bear interest at the rate of 7.750% per annum and are payable annually on December 15, beginning December 15, 2019 from, and to the extent of, Subordinate Pledged Revenue available, if any, and mature on December 15, 2049. The Subordinate Bonds are structured as cash flow bonds meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal or interest prior to the final maturity date. To the extent principal of the Subordinate Bonds is not paid when due, such principal shall remain outstanding until paid, subject to discharge on December 16, 2059. To the extent interest on the Subordinate Bonds is not paid when due, such unpaid interest shall compound on each interest payment date, at the rate then borne by the Subordinate Bonds. The Subordinate Bonds and interest thereon shall be deemed to be paid, satisfied, and discharged on December 16, 2059. The Subordinate Bonds are not subject to acceleration. The Subordinate Bonds do not have any unused lines of credit. No assets have been pledged as collateral on the Subordinate Bonds.

Events of Default of the Subordinate Bonds

Events of default occur if the District fails to impose the Required Mill Levy, or to apply the Pledged Revenues as required by the Subordinate Indenture and does not comply with other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financing as described in the Subordinate Indenture.

Subordinate Bonds Optional Redemption

The Subordinate Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on June 1, 2024, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

Date of Redemption	<u>Redemption</u> <u>Premium</u>
June 1, 2024, to May 31, 2025	3.00%
June 1, 2025, to May 31, 2026	2.00
June 1, 2026, to May 31, 2027	1.00
June 1, 2027, and thereafter	0.00

The Subordinate Bonds are secured by and payable solely from and to the extent of Subordinate Pledged Revenue, net of any costs of collection, which includes: (a) the Subordinate Required Mill Levy; (b) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Subordinate Required Mill Levy; (c) the amounts, if any, in the Senior Surplus Fund after the payment or defeasance of the Senior Bonds; (d) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Subordinate Pledged Revenue.

The District has covenanted to impose a Subordinate Required Mill Levy in the amount of 37 mills (subject to adjustment) less the Senior Bond Mill Levy, or such lesser mill levy which will fund the Subordinate Bond Fund in an amount sufficient to pay all of the principal of and interest on the Subordinate Bonds in full.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Subordinate Bonds Optional Redemption (Continued)

The Subordinate Required Mill Levy will equal zero at any time that the payment of the Senior Bonds (and any other Senior Parity Bonds) requires the imposition of at least 37 mills, as adjusted, in any year.

The outstanding principal and interest of the Senior Bonds are due as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal		Principal		 Interest		Total	
2023	\$	20,000	\$ \$ 100,450		120,45	0		
2024		20,000	99,425		119,42	5		
2025		25,000	98,400		123,40	0		
2026		25,000	97,119		122,11	9		
2027		30,000	95,838		125,83	8		
2028 - 2032		190,000	453,820		643,82	0		
2033 - 2037		275,000	397,188		672,18	8		
2038 - 2042		400,000	313,907		713,90	7		
2043 - 2047		550,000	197,057		747,05	7		
2048 - 2049		425,000	 36,900		461,90	0		
Total	\$	1,960,000	\$ 1,890,104	\$	3,850,10	4		

The annual debt service requirements on the Subordinate Bonds are not included in the schedule above since they are payable only from available Subordinate Pledged Revenue.

Authorized Debt

At December 31, 2022, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

		Authorized May 3, 2016 Election		uthorization Used eries 2019	Remaining at December 31, 2022			
Water	\$	3,500,000	\$	312,266	\$	3,187,734		
Street		3,500,000	1,216,888			2,283,112		
Safety Protection		3,500,000		-		3,500,000		
TV Relay		3,500,000		-		3,500,000		
Park and Recreation		3,500,000		-		3,500,000		
Sanitation		3,500,000		748,846		2,751,154		
Mosquito Control		3,500,000		-		3,500,000		
Public Transportation		3,500,000		3,500,000		-		3,500,000
Fire Protection		3,500,000		-		3,500,000		
Security Services		3,500,000		-		3,500,000		
O&M Debt		3,500,000		-		3,500,000		
IGA Debt		3,500,000		3,500,000		-		3,500,000
Oil & Gas Debt		3,500,000		-		3,500,000		
Refunding		3,500,000	-			3,500,000		
Total	\$	\$ 49,000,000		2,278,000	\$	46,722,000		

Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District is permitted to issue bond indebtedness of up to \$49,000,000.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Authorized Debt (Continued)

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area; however, as of the date of this audit, the amount and timing of any debt issuances is not determinable.

NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2022, as follows:

	 vernmental Activities
Restricted Net Position:	
Emergency Reserves	\$ 1,600
Debt Service	143,063
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 144,663

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit is primarily due to interest paid on debts to date, and operating expenses paid by advances from Developer.

NOTE 6 AGREEMENTS

Contribution Mill Levy

Pursuant to the District's Service Plan and as memorialized in an Intergovernmental Agreement with the Town of Frederick, dated May 1, 2015, without increasing the debt service mill levy, at any time the District imposes a debt service mill levy, the District is to impose a Contribution Mill Levy of 3 mills (subject to adjustment) for financing capital improvements or for financing operations and maintenance expenses associated with Town capital improvements so long as the capital improvement is one that the District could otherwise finance (e.g., streets, traffic safety controls, street lighting, water, sanitary sewer, storm drainage, landscaping improvements, and parks and recreation). Revenues received by the District from imposition of the Contribution Mill Levy are to be remitted to the Town upon the District's receipt. In the event that the District does not impose a Debt Mill Levy, the District shall have no obligation to levy, collect, or pay over to the Town the three (3) mills set forth herein.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES

The property within the District is being developed by LGI Homes – Colorado LLC (Developer). During 2022, all of the members of the Board of Directors were officers or employees of, or otherwise associated with the Developer, and may have conflicts of interest in matters involving the District.

Facilities Acquisition Agreement

The District and the Developer entered into a Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement on December 3, 2015. Pursuant to the agreement, the District and the Developer acknowledge that the District is authorized to construct, acquire and install public improvements, including water, sanitation (including storm drainage), streets, safety protection, park and recreation, transportation, fire protection, television relay and translation, mosquito control, and other facilities and services that benefit the Property, subject to the limitations set forth in the Service Plan.

The Parties agreed that only completed phases of work shall be eligible for reimbursement by the District. The District agrees to reimburse the Developer for certified construction costs related to improvements up to a maximum of \$2,000,000 together within simple interest that shall accrue on amounts reimbursable to the Developer under this Agreement, until paid, at the rate of eight percent (8%) per annum.

As of December 31, 2022, outstanding advances under this agreement totaled \$3,904,925 and accrued interest totaled \$1,104,077.

Funding and Reimbursement Agreement with LGI Homes Colorado LLC

The District and the Developer entered into an Operation Funding Agreement on October 17, 2016, with an effective date of January 1, 2017. The Operation Funding Agreement terminated on March 15, 2018 (the 2017 Advance Obligation Termination Date). The District and the Developer then entered into a Funding and Reimbursement Agreement on April 29, 2019. Pursuant to the agreement, the District and the Developer acknowledge that the Developer has incurred Costs on behalf of the District since the 2017 Advance Obligation Termination Date, prior to the execution of this Agreement, in anticipation that the same would be reimbursed as provided in this agreement. With respect to each loan advance made under this agreement prior to the issuance of any Reimbursement Obligation reflecting such advance, the interest rate shall be 8% per annum, from the date any such advance is made, simple interest, to the earlier of the date the Reimbursement Obligation is issued to evidence such advance, or the date of repayment of such amount.

As of December 31, 2022, outstanding advances under this agreement totaled \$134,230 and accrued interest totaled \$35,927.

NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

Operation Funding Agreements (OFAs) with Westview LLC

The District and Westview LLC (the Original Developer) entered into various operation funding agreements prior to 2017, including the 2015 Operation Funding Agreement, dated April 29, 2015, with an effective date of March 24, 2015, as amended by the First Amendment to 2015 Operation Funding Agreement dated November 10, 2015, with an effective date of January 1, 2016, together with the 2015 OFA (Original OFAs). The Original OFAs were terminated pursuant to the Termination of 2015 Operation Funding Agreement, effective as of January 1, 2017, and the Original Developer has waived its right to reimbursement for costs incurred pursuant to the Original OFAs, and has directed the District to reimburse amounts advanced by the Original Developer to the Developer. Interest for advances made by the Original Developer under the Original OFAs shall accrue at 8% per annum.

As of December 31, 2022, outstanding advances for organizational related costs totaled \$45,302 and accrued interest totaled \$12,794.

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATION

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATION (CONTINUED)

On May 3, 2016, the District's voters approved for an annual increase in taxes of \$3,500,000 for general operations and maintenance without limitation of rate. This election question allowed the District to collect and spend the additional revenue without regard to any spending, revenue raising, or other limitations contained within TABOR.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget			Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	141,287	\$	141,415	\$	128
Specific Ownership Taxes		7,064		8,362		1,298
Net Investment Income	_	200		4,377		4,177
Total Revenues		148,551		154,154		5,603
EXPENDITURES						
Bond Interest		100,706		100,706		-
Bond Principal		5,000		5,000		-
Contingency		3,175		-		3,175
County Treasurer's Fees		2,119		2,120		(1)
Paying Agent Fees		7,000		7,000		-
Total Expenditures		118,000		114,826		3,174
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		30,551		39,328		8,777
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		208,600		207,066		(1,534)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	239,151	\$	246,394	\$	7,243

OTHER INFORMATION

WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2022

\$1,965,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds

	Series 2019A, Dated June 5, 2019						
Veer Ended	Interest Rate 5.125% Interest Payable June 1 and December 1						
Year Ended December 31,	r	Principal	Payable	Interest			
December 31,	F	ппсіраі		Interest	Total		
2023	\$	20,000	\$	100,450	\$	120,450	
2024		20,000		99,425		119,425	
2025		25,000		98,400		123,400	
2026		25,000		97,119		122,119	
2027		30,000		95,838		125,838	
2028		30,000		94,300		124,300	
2029		35,000		92,763		127,763	
2030		40,000		90,969		130,969	
2031		40,000		88,919		128,919	
2032		45,000		86,869		131,869	
2033		45,000		84,563		129,563	
2034		50,000		82,256		132,256	
2035		55,000		79,694		134,694	
2036		60,000		76,875		136,875	
2037		65,000		73,800		138,800	
2038		70,000		70,469		140,469	
2039		75,000		66,881		141,881	
2040		80,000		63,038		143,038	
2041		85,000		58,938		143,938	
2042		90,000		54,581		144,581	
2043		95,000		49,969		144,969	
2044		105,000		45,100		150,100	
2045		110,000		39,719		149,719	
2046		115,000		34,081		149,081	
2047		125,000		28,188		153,188	
2048		130,000		21,781		151,781	
2049		295,000		15,119		310,119	
Total	\$	1,960,000	\$	1,890,104	\$	3,850,104	

(24)

WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Year Ended	V: C	Prior Year Assessed aluation for urrent Year Property		Mills Levied for			otal rty Taxes	Percent Collected
December 31,		Tax Levy	General	Debt Service	Contracts	Levied	Collected	to Levied
2018	\$	111,340	55.277	0.000	0.000	\$ 6,155	\$ 6,155	100.00
2019		128,000	55.277	0.000	0.000	7,075	7,076	100.00
2020		615,190	11.133	41.191	3.340	34,244	34,244	100.00
2021		1,886,800	11.133	41.191	3.340	105,025	106,940	101.82
2022		3,430,050	11.133	41.191	3.340	190,930	191,103	100.09
Estimated for the Year Ending December 31,								
2023	\$	3,537,720	11.417	42.243	3.425	\$ 201,951		