## WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Weld County, Colorado

### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

#### WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	ı
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	2
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES— GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	5
GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	7
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
DEBT SERVICE FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	23
OTHER INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY	25
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY	26



**Independent Auditor's Report** 

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Members of the Board of Directors Westview Metropolitan District

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Westview Metropolitan District, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Westview Metropolitan District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major funds of Westview Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Westview Metropolitan District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Westview Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of Westview Metropolitan District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Westview Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### **Other Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Westview Metropolitan District's financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The other information section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Littleton, Colorado

Hayrie & Company

July 21, 2024



#### WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 23,511
Cash and Investments - Restricted	287,720
Prepaid Insurance	2,671
Property Tax Receivable	250,558
Receivable - County Treasurer	615
Total Assets	565,075
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	14,411
Due to Town of Frederick	6,055
Accrued Interest	8,371
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	20,000
Due in More Than One Year	7,922,552
Total Liabilities	7,971,389
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Property Tax	250,558
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	250,558
NET POSITION	
Restricted for:	
Emergency Reserve	1,600
Debt Service	143,063
Net Position - Unrestricted	(7,801,535)
Total Net Position	\$ (7,656,872)

# WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Charges for Services	Program Revenues Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Net Revenues (Expenses) and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities
₩	. ↔	- •	\$ (56,200)
		1	(467,027)
\$	ω	٠ ج	(523,227)
GENERAL REVENUES Property Taxes Specific Ownership Taxes Interest Income Total General Revenues and Transfers			201,829 8,588 14,188 224,605
CHANGES IN NET POSITION			(298,622)
Net Position - Beginning of Year			(7,358,250)
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR			\$ (7,656,872)

Total Governmental Activities

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS
Primary Government:
Governmental Activities:
General Government
Interest on Long-Term Debt
and Related Costs

## WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2023

	General			Debt Service	Total Government Funds		
ASSETS							
Cash and Investments Cash and Investments - Restricted Receivable - County Treasurer Prepaid Insurance Property Tax Receivable	\$	23,511 1,600 160 2,671 65,144	\$	286,120 455 - 185,414	\$	23,511 287,720 615 2,671 250,558	
Total Assets	\$	93,086	\$	471,989	\$	565,075	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$	14,411	\$	-	\$	14,411	
Due to Town of Frederick Total Liabilities		6,055 20,466	-	<del>-</del>		6,055 20,466	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Property Tax		65,144		185,414		250,558	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		65,144		185,414		250,558	
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable:		0.074				0.074	
Prepaid Expense		2,671		-		2,671	
Restricted for: Emergency Reserves		1,600				1,600	
Debt Service		1,000		286,575		286,575	
Assigned to:		_		200,573		200,070	
Subsequent Year's Expenditures		1,000		_		1,000	
Unassigned		2,205		_		2,205	
Total Fund Balances		7,476		286,575		294,051	
		<u> </u>					
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	_		_				
Resources, and Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	93,086	<u>\$</u>	471,989			
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the stateme net position are different because:	nt of						
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the		able				(0.274)	
Accrued Interest						(8,371)	
Series 2019B Accrued Bond Interest						(2,253,000) (125,540)	
Developer Advance Payable						(5,564,012)	
Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$	(7,656,872)	

## WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	General		Debt Service	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>		
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	52,475	\$ 149,354	\$	201,829	
Specific Ownership Taxes		2,233	6,355		8,588	
Interest Income		26	14,162		14,188	
Total Revenues		54,734	169,871		224,605	
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Accounting		24,903	-		24,903	
Auditing		5,900	-		5,900	
County Treasurer's Fee		787	2,240		3,027	
Dues and Membership		315	-		315	
Election		1,591	-		1,591	
Insurance		2,821	-		2,821	
Legal		6,833	-		6,833	
Miscellaneous		600	-		600	
Contribution Payment to Town of Frederick Debt Service:		12,450	-		12,450	
Bond Interest		_	100,450		100,450	
Bond Principal		=	20,000		20,000	
Paying Agent Fees		-	7,000		7,000	
Total Expenditures		56,200	 129,690		185,890	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(1,466)	40,181		38,715	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		8,942	 246,394		255,336	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	7,476	\$ 286,575	\$	294,051	

## WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds

38,715

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of government funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.

Bond Principal 20,000

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the fund financial statements.

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued Interest Payable - Change in Liability (30,580)
Accrued Interest on Developer Advance (326,757)

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ (298,622)

# WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	Original and Final Budget			Actual .mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$	52,507	\$	52,475	\$	(32)	
Specific Ownership Taxes	*	2,626	•	2,233	*	(393)	
Interest Income		367		26		(341)	
Total Revenues		55,500		54,734		(766)	
EXPENDITURES							
Accounting		20,000		24,903		(4,903)	
Auditing		5,000		5,900		(900)	
Contingency		671		-		671	
County Treasurer's Fee		788		787		1	
Dues and Membership		500		315		185	
Election		2,000		1,591		409	
Insurance		3,500		2,821		679	
Legal		20,000		6,833		13,167	
Miscellaneous		1,000		600		400	
Contribution Payment to Town of Frederick		12,541		12,450		91	
Total Expenditures		66,000		56,200		9,800	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(10,500)		(1,466)		9,034	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		13,164		8,942		(4,222)	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	2,664	\$	7,476	\$	4,812	

#### NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Westview Metropolitan District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by order and decree of the District Court in and for Weld County, Colorado on March 24, 2015, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised statutes). The Service Plan of the District was approved by the City Council of the City of Frederick, Colorado on December 9, 2014.

At a special election of the eligible electors of the District on May 3, 2016, a majority of those qualified to vote voted in favor of certain ballot questions authorizing the issuance of indebtedness and imposition of taxes for the payment thereof, for the purpose of providing financing for the acquisition, construction, installation, and completion of certain streets, parks and recreation, water, sanitation, transportation, mosquito control, safety protection, fire protection, and television relay and translation improvements.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements, which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations, and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District has no employees, and all operations and administrative functions are contracted.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)**

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. The District has determined that Developer advances are not considered as revenue susceptible to accrual. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of the governmental funds.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Budgets**

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures and other financing uses level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Pooled Cash and Investments**

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

#### **Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and, generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

#### **Deferred Inflows of Resources**

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Equity**

#### **Net Position**

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

*Unassigned Fund Balance* – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 23,511
Cash and Investments - Restricted	287,720
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 311,231

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2023, consist of the following:

Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 26,169
Investments	285,062
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 311,231

#### **Cash Deposits**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2023, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance and carrying balance of \$26,169.

#### <u>Investments</u>

The District has adopted an investment policy by which it follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (\*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Investments (Continued)**

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities of the World Bank
- . Certain international agency securities
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- \* Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2023, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset	Weighted-Average	 
Trust (CSAFE)	Under 60 Days	\$ 285,062
Total		\$ 285,062

#### **CSAFE**

The District invested in the Colorado Surplus Asset Fund Trust (CSAFE) (the Trust), which is an investment vehicle established by state statute for local government entities to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers two portfolios – CSAFE CASH FUND and CSAFE CORE.

CSAFE CASH FUND operations similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. CSAFE may invest in U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain money market funds and highest rated commercial paper, any security allowed under Section 24-75-601.1, C.R.S.

CSAFE CORE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$2.00 transactional share price. CSAFE CORE may invest in securities authorized by Section 24-75-601.1, C.R.S., including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, and highest rated commercial paper.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for CSAFE's portfolio pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for CSAFE's investment portfolio and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by CSAFE. CSAFE CASH FUND is rated AAAmmf and CSAFE CORE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. CSAFE records its investments at amortized cost and the District records its investments in CSAFE using the amortized cost method. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily and there is no redemption notice period.

#### NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2023:

	Balance at ecember 31, 2022	 Additions	Re	eductions	Salance at ecember 31, 2023	Due Within ne Year
Bonds Payable						
General Obligation Limited Tax Bond						
Series 2019A	\$ 1,960,000	\$ -	\$	20,000	\$ 1,940,000	\$ 20,000
Subordinate General Obligation Limited Tax Bond						
Series 2019B	313,000	-		-	313,000	-
Accrued Interest						
Series 2019B	 94,960	 30,580			125,540	
Subtotal Bonds Payable	2,367,960	30,580		20,000	2,378,540	20,000
Other Debts						
Developer Advance - Operating	179,532	-		-	179,532	-
Developer Advance - Capital	3,904,925	-		-	3,904,925	-
Accrued Interest on:						
Developer Advance - Operating	48,721	14,363		-	63,084	-
Developer Advance - Capital	1,104,077	312,394		-	1,416,471	-
Subtotal Other Debts	5,237,255	326,757			5,564,012	
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 7,605,215	\$ 357,337	\$	20,000	\$ 7,942,552	\$ 20,000

The details of the District's general obligation bonds outstanding during 2020 are as follows:

#### **Bond Proceeds**

The District issued the Senior Bonds and the Subordinate Bonds on June 19, 2019, in the respective par amounts of \$1,965,000 and \$313,000. Proceeds from the sale of the Senior Bonds were used to: (a) pay or reimburse the Project Costs; (b) fund the Senior Reserve Fund; (c) fund capitalized interest on the Senior Bonds; and (d) pay costs of issuance of the Bonds. Proceeds from the sale of the Subordinate Bonds were used to: (a) pay or reimburse Project Costs; and (b) pay other costs incurred in connection with the issuance of the Subordinate Bonds.

#### **Senior Bonds Details**

The Senior Bonds bear interest at the rate of 5.125% per annum and are payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, beginning on December 1, 2019. Annual mandatory sinking fund principal payments are due on December 1, beginning on December 1, 2022. The Senior Bonds mature on December 1, 2049. To the extent principal of the Bonds is not paid when due, such principal shall remain outstanding until paid. To the extent interest on the Senior Bonds is not paid when due, such unpaid interest shall compound on each interest payment date, at the rate then borne by the Senior Bonds. The Senior Bonds are not subject to early termination. The Senior Bonds are not subject to acceleration. The Senior Bonds do not have any unused lines of credit. No assets have been pledged as collateral on the Senior Bonds.

#### NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Events of Default of the Senior Bonds**

Events of default occur if the District fails to impose the Required Mill Levy, or to apply the Pledged Revenues as required by the Senior Indenture and does not comply with other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financing as described in the Senior Indenture.

#### **Senior Bonds Optional Redemption**

The Senior Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on June 1, 2024, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

Date of Redemption	Redemption <u>Premium</u>
June 1, 2024, to May 31, 2025	3.00%
June 1, 2025, to May 31, 2026 June 1, 2026, to May 31, 2027	2.00 1.00
June 1, 2027, and thereafter	0.00

The Senior Bonds are secured by and payable solely from and to the extent of Senior Pledged Revenue, net of any costs of collection, which includes: (a) the Senior Required Mill Levy; (b) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Senior Required Mill Levy; and (c) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Senior Pledged Revenue.

The District has covenanted to impose a Senior Required Mill Levy on all taxable property of the District each year in an amount sufficient to pay the Senior Bonds when due, and if necessary, an amount sufficient to replenish the Senior Reserve Fund to the amount of the Senior Required Reserve, but (i) not in excess of 37 mills (subject to adjustment for changes in the method of calculating assessed valuation occurring after January 1, 2014), and (ii) for so long as the Senior Surplus Fund is less than the Maximum Surplus Amount, not less than 37 mills (subject to adjustment), or such lesser mill levy which will pay the Senior Bonds when due, will replenish the Senior Reserve Fund to the amount of the Senior Required Reserve, and will fund the Senior Surplus Fund up to the Maximum Surplus Amount.

#### **Additional Security for Senior Bonds**

The Senior Reserve Fund was funded from Senior Bond proceeds in the amount of the Senior Required Reserve of \$153,188. Subject to the receipt of sufficient pledged revenue, the Senior Reserve Fund is to be maintained for so long as any Senior Bond is outstanding. If at any time the Senior Reserve Fund is drawn upon or valued so that the amount therein is less than the Senior Required Reserve, the Trustee is to apply Senior Pledged Revenue to the credit of the Senior Reserve Fund in amounts sufficient to bring the amount credited to the Senior Reserve Fund to the Senior Required Reserve. The balance in the Senior Reserve Fund as of December 31, 2023, is \$157,736.

#### NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Additional Security for Senior Bonds (Continued)**

Senior Pledged Revenue that is not needed to pay debt service on the Senior Bonds in any year will be deposited to and held in the Senior Surplus Fund up to the Maximum Surplus Amount of \$196,500. The Senior Surplus Fund is to be maintained for so long as any Senior Bond is outstanding. Under the Subordinate Indenture, amounts released from the Senior Surplus Fund after the termination of such fund in accordance with the Senior Indenture are pledged to the payment of the Subordinate Bonds. The balance in the Senior Surplus Fund as of December 31, 2023, is \$127,153.

#### **Subordinate Bonds Details**

The Subordinate Bonds bear interest at the rate of 7.750% per annum and are payable annually on December 15, beginning December 15, 2019 from, and to the extent of, Subordinate Pledged Revenue available, if any, and mature on December 15, 2049. The Subordinate Bonds are structured as cash flow bonds meaning that there are no scheduled payments of principal or interest prior to the final maturity date. To the extent principal of the Subordinate Bonds is not paid when due, such principal shall remain outstanding until paid, subject to discharge on December 16, 2059. To the extent interest on the Subordinate Bonds is not paid when due, such unpaid interest shall compound on each interest payment date, at the rate then borne by the Subordinate Bonds. The Subordinate Bonds and interest thereon shall be deemed to be paid, satisfied, and discharged on December 16, 2059. The Subordinate Bonds are not subject to acceleration. The Subordinate Bonds do not have any unused lines of credit. No assets have been pledged as collateral on the Subordinate Bonds.

#### **Events of Default of the Subordinate Bonds**

Events of default occur if the District fails to impose the Required Mill Levy, or to apply the Pledged Revenues as required by the Subordinate Indenture and does not comply with other customary terms and conditions consistent with normal municipal financing as described in the Subordinate Indenture.

#### **Subordinate Bonds Optional Redemption**

The Subordinate Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the District, on June 1, 2024, and on any date thereafter, upon payment of par, accrued interest, and a redemption premium equal to a percentage of the principal amount so redeemed, as follows:

Date of Redemption	Redemption <u>Premium</u>
June 1, 2024, to May 31, 2025	3.00%
June 1, 2025, to May 31, 2026	2.00
June 1, 2026, to May 31, 2027	1.00
June 1, 2027, and thereafter	0.00

#### NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Subordinate Bonds Optional Redemption (Continued)**

The Subordinate Bonds are secured by and payable solely from and to the extent of Subordinate Pledged Revenue, net of any costs of collection, which includes: (a) the Subordinate Required Mill Levy; (b) the portion of the Specific Ownership Tax which is collected as a result of imposition of the Subordinate Required Mill Levy; (c) the amounts, if any, in the Senior Surplus Fund after the payment or defeasance of the Senior Bonds; (d) any other legally available moneys which the District determines, in its absolute discretion, to transfer to the Trustee for application as Subordinate Pledged Revenue.

The District has covenanted to impose a Subordinate Required Mill Levy in the amount of 37 mills (subject to adjustment) less the Senior Bond Mill Levy, or such lesser mill levy which will fund the Subordinate Bond Fund in an amount sufficient to pay all of the principal of and interest on the Subordinate Bonds in full.

The Subordinate Required Mill Levy will equal zero at any time that the payment of the Senior Bonds (and any other Senior Parity Bonds) requires the imposition of at least 37 mills, as adjusted, in any year.

The outstanding principal and interest of the Senior Bonds are due as follows:

	Bonded Debt								
Year Ending December 31,	Principal			Interest				Total	
2024	\$	20,000		\$	99,425	-	\$	119,425	
2025		25,000			98,400			123,400	
2026		25,000			97,119			122,119	
2027		30,000			95,838			125,838	
2028		30,000			94,300			124,300	
2029-2033		205,000			444,083			649,083	
2034-2038		300,000			383,094			683,094	
2039-2043		425,000			293,407			718,407	
2044-2048		585,000			168,869			753,869	
2049-2049		295,000			15,119			310,119	
Total	\$	1,940,000		\$	1,789,654		\$	3,729,654	

The annual debt service requirements on the Subordinate Bonds are not included in the schedule above since they are payable only from available Subordinate Pledged Revenue.

#### NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Authorized Debt**

At December 31, 2023, the District had authorized but unissued indebtedness in the following amounts allocated for the following purposes:

	Authorized 3-May-16	Authorization Used	Authorized But
	Election	Series 2019	Unused
Water	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 312,266	\$ 3,187,734
Street	3,500,000	1,216,888	2,283,112
Safety Protection	3,500,000	-	3,500,000
TV Relay	3,500,000	-	3,500,000
Park and Recreation	3,500,000	-	3,500,000
Sanitation	3,500,000	748,846	2,751,154
Mosquito Control	3,500,000	-	3,500,000
Public Transportation	3,500,000	-	3,500,000
Fire Protection	3,500,000	-	3,500,000
Security Services	3,500,000	-	3,500,000
O&M Debt	3,500,000	-	3,500,000
IGA Debt	3,500,000	-	3,500,000
Oil & Gas Debt	3,500,000	-	3,500,000
Refunding	3,500,000		3,500,000
Total	\$ 49,000,000	\$ 2,278,000	\$ 46,722,000

Pursuant to the Service Plan, the District is permitted to issue bond indebtedness of up to \$49,000,000.

In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area; however, as of the date of this audit, the amount and timing of any debt issuances is not determinable.

#### NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of two components – restricted and unrestricted.

The restricted net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2023, as follows:

	 Governmental Activities		
Restricted Net Position:	 _		
Emergencies	\$ 1,600		
Debt Service Reserve	 143,063		
Total Restricted Net Position	\$ 144,663		

The District has a deficit in unrestricted net position. This deficit is primarily due to interest paid on debts to date, and operating expenses paid by advances from Developer.

#### NOTE 6 AGREEMENTS

#### **Contribution Mill Levy**

Pursuant to the District's Service Plan and as memorialized in an Intergovernmental Agreement with the Town of Frederick, dated May 1, 2015, without increasing the debt service mill levy, at any time the District imposes a debt service mill levy, the District is to impose a Contribution Mill Levy of 3 mills (subject to adjustment) for financing capital improvements or for financing operations and maintenance expenses associated with Town capital improvements so long as the capital improvement is one that the District could otherwise finance (e.g., streets, traffic safety controls, street lighting, water, sanitary sewer, storm drainage, landscaping improvements, and parks and recreation). Revenues received by the District from imposition of the Contribution Mill Levy are to be remitted to the Town upon the District's receipt. In the event that the District does not impose a Debt Mill Levy, the District shall have no obligation to levy, collect, or pay over to the Town the three (3) mills set forth herein.

#### NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES

The property within the District is being developed by LGI Homes – Colorado LLC (the Developer). During 2023, all of the members of the Board of Directors were officers or employees of, or otherwise associated with the Developer, and may have conflicts of interest in matters involving the District.

#### **Facilities Acquisition Agreement**

The District and the Developer entered into a Facilities Funding and Acquisition Agreement on December 3, 2015. Pursuant to the agreement, the District and the Developer acknowledge that the District is authorized to construct, acquire and install public improvements, including water, sanitation (including storm drainage), streets, safety protection, park and recreation, transportation, fire protection, television relay and translation, mosquito control, and other facilities and services that benefit the Property, subject to the limitations set forth in the Service Plan.

The Parties agreed that only completed phases of work shall be eligible for reimbursement by the District. The District agrees to reimburse the Developer for certified construction costs related to improvements up to a maximum of \$2,000,000 together within simple interest that shall accrue on amounts reimbursable to the Developer under this Agreement, until paid, at the rate of eight percent (8%) per annum.

As of December 31, 2023, outstanding advances under this agreement totaled \$3,904,925 and accrued interest totaled \$1,416,471.

#### Funding and Reimbursement Agreement with LGI Homes Colorado LLC

The District and the Developer entered into an Operation Funding Agreement on October 17, 2016, with an effective date of January 1, 2017. The Operation Funding Agreement terminated on March 15, 2018 (the 2017 Advance Obligation Termination Date). The District and the Developer then entered into a Funding and Reimbursement Agreement on April 29, 2019. Pursuant to the agreement, the District and the Developer acknowledge that the Developer has incurred Costs on behalf of the District since the 2017 Advance Obligation Termination Date, prior to the execution of this Agreement, in anticipation that the same would be reimbursed as provided in this agreement. With respect to each loan advance made under this agreement prior to the issuance of any Reimbursement Obligation reflecting such advance, the interest rate shall be 8% per annum, from the date any such advance is made, simple interest, to the earlier of the date the Reimbursement Obligation is issued to evidence such advance, or the date of repayment of such amount.

As of December 31, 2023, outstanding advances under this agreement totaled \$134,230 and accrued interest totaled \$46,666.

#### NOTE 7 RELATED PARTIES (CONTINUED)

#### Operation Funding Agreements (OFAs) with Westview LLC

The District and Westview LLC (the Original Developer) entered into various operation funding agreements prior to 2017, including the 2015 Operation Funding Agreement, dated April 29, 2015, with an effective date of March 24, 2015, as amended by the First Amendment to 2015 Operation Funding Agreement dated November 10, 2015, with an effective date of January 1, 2016, together with the 2015 OFA (Original OFAs). The Original OFAs were terminated pursuant to the Termination of 2015 Operation Funding Agreement, effective as of January 1, 2017, and the Original Developer has waived its right to reimbursement for costs incurred pursuant to the Original OFAs, and has directed the District to reimburse amounts advanced by the Original Developer to the Developer. Interest for advances made by the Original Developer under the Original OFAs shall accrue at 8% per annum.

As of December 31, 2023, outstanding advances for organizational related costs totaled \$45,302 and accrued interest totaled \$16,418.

#### NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

#### NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATION

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

#### NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATION (CONTINUED)

On May 3, 2016, the District's voters approved for an annual increase in taxes of \$3,500,000 for general operations and maintenance without limitation of rate. This election question allowed the District to collect and spend the additional revenue without regard to any spending, revenue raising, or other limitations contained within TABOR.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

# WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUALYEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2023

	an	riginal d Final udget		Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES Property Taxes	\$	149,444	\$	149,354	\$	(90)	
Specific Ownership Taxes	Ψ	7,472	Ψ	6,355	Ψ	(1,117)	
Interest Income		9,584		14,162		4,578	
Total Revenues		166,500		169,871		3,371	
EXPENDITURES							
County Treasurer's Fee		2,242		2,240		2	
Paying Agent Fees		7,000		7,000		-	
Bond Interest		100,450		100,450		-	
Bond Principal		20,000		20,000		-	
Contingency		3,308		-		3,308	
Total Expenditures		133,000		129,690		3,310	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		33,500		40,181		6,681	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		242,592		246,394		3,802	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	276,092	\$	286,575	\$	10,483	

**OTHER INFORMATION** 

#### WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DEBT SERVICE REQUIREMENTS TO MATURITY DECEMBER 31, 2023

\$1,965,000 General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds Series 2019A, Dated June 5, 2019 Interest Rate 5.125%

Bonds/Loand and Interest	Interest Rate 5.125%							
Maturing in the	Interest Payable June 1 and December 1							
Year Ending December 31,	P	Principal		nterest		Total		
2024	\$	20,000	\$	99,425	\$	119,425		
2025		25,000		98,400		123,400		
2026		25,000		97,119		122,119		
2027		30,000		95,838		125,838		
2028		30,000		94,300		124,300		
2029		35,000		92,763		127,763		
2030		40,000		90,969		130,969		
2031		40,000		88,919		128,919		
2032		45,000		86,869		131,869		
2033		45,000		84,563		129,563		
2034		50,000		82,256		132,256		
2035		55,000		79,694		134,694		
2036		60,000		76,875		136,875		
2037		65,000		73,800		138,800		
2038		70,000		70,469		140,469		
2039		75,000		66,881		141,881		
2040		80,000		63,038		143,038		
2041		85,000		58,938		143,938		
2042		90,000		54,581		144,581		
2043		95,000		49,969		144,969		
2044		105,000		45,100		150,100		
2045		110,000		39,719		149,719		
2046		115,000		34,081		149,081		
2047		125,000		28,188		153,188		
2048		130,000		21,781		151,781		
2049		295,000		15,119		310,119		
Total	\$	1,940,000	\$	1,789,654	\$	3,729,654		

#### WESTVIEW METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2023

			Total Mills Levied				Total Prop	Percent		
Year Ended December 31,	Assessed Valuation	Percent General Debt Change Operations Service Contracts Levie		Levied	Collected		Collected to Levied			
2018/2019	128,000	15.0%	55.277	-	_	\$	7,075	\$	7,076	100.01 %
2019/2020	615,190	380.6%	11.133	41.191	3.340		34,244		34,244	100.00 %
2020/2021	1,886,800	206.7%	11.133	41.191	3.340		105,025		106,940	101.82 %
2021/2022	3,430,050	81.8%	11.133	41.191	3.340		190,930		191,103	100.09 %
2022/2023	3,537,720	3.1%	11.417	42.243	3.425		201,951		201,829	99.94 %
Estimated for Year Ending	Ф. 0.700.000	0.00/	40.047	40.045	2.074	•	050 550			
December 31, 2024	\$ 3,782,800	6.9%	13.247	49.015	3.974	\$	250,558			